

Lyon Neuroscience Research Center - CRNL



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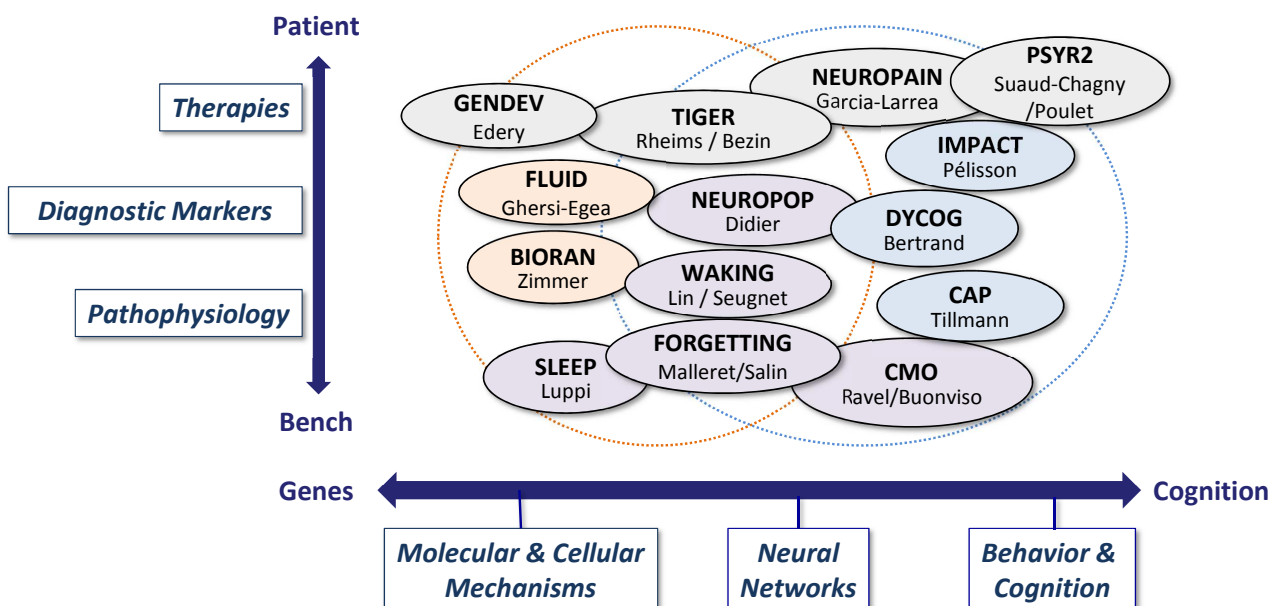
UMRS 1028

UMR 5292



Lyon Neuroscience Research Center - CRNL - 14 teams - 375 people

Multidisciplinary, Multi-scale, and Translational Approaches



CRNL Facilities

Human Intracerebral Signals
 NeuroImmersion
 Movement & Handicap
 NeuroChem, NeuroDialTics
 Blood-Brain Interfaces
 Bi-photon Microscopy
 NeuroGenetics & Optogenetics
 Multiple Sclerosis Cohort

Neuroimaging Facilities

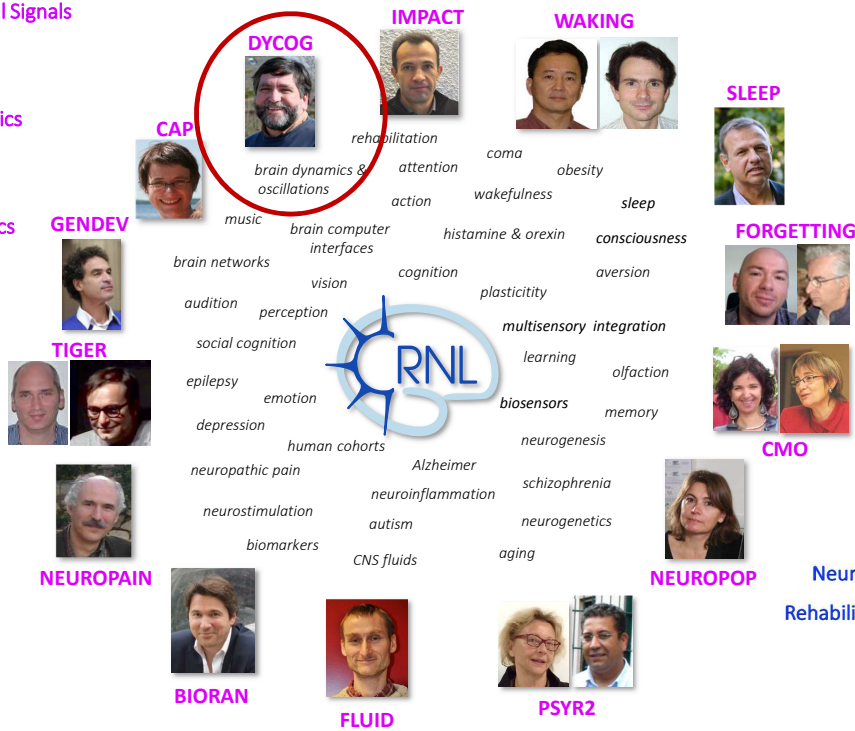
Human & Animal
 Neuroimaging Platform
 (CERMEP)
 MEG
 MRI (1.5T, 3T, 7T)
 PET-CT, micro-PET
 hybrid MRI-PET

CRNL 14 Teams

+ 2 ERC
 + 1 ATIPE-AVENIR
 teams

Hospital Partnerships

Neurology
 Neurosurgery
 Psychiatry
 Neuropediatrics
 Rehabilitation



Dir.: O. Bertrand - 375 members: 135 Researchers, Faculties & Clinicians - 65 Engineers/Tech - 175 Docs & Post-docs



BCI research @ CRNL - Jérémie Mattout



P300-speller (visual oddball paradigm)

Methodological work

Towards communication with Locked-in patients

- P300-speller developed during the *OpenViBE* and *CoAdapt* projects
- Improved performances through several developments

Margaux Perrin's PhD

- > optimal stopping
- > error (potential) detection



Mattout et al., *Annals Phys. and Rehab. Med.*, 2015
 Perrin et al., *Adv. Hum-Comp Inter.*, 2012

- Recently: **endowing the P300-speller with active inference (Jelena Mladenovic's PhD, coll. F. Lotte, BCI LIFT)**
 -> enables to implement all **adaptive features** within a single algorithm instead of cumulative building blocks
 -> enables to easily incorporate new features such as optimal flashing → simulation study

• Optimal stopping:	20.1 ± 9 flashes / 80.6% accuracy
• Optimal stop & flashing:	15.8 ± 6 flashes / 85.2% accuracy

Mladenovic et al., *NAT Conference, Berlin, 2017*



Empirical work

Extension to the auditory domain to try to communicate with patients who cannot control their eye gaze anymore

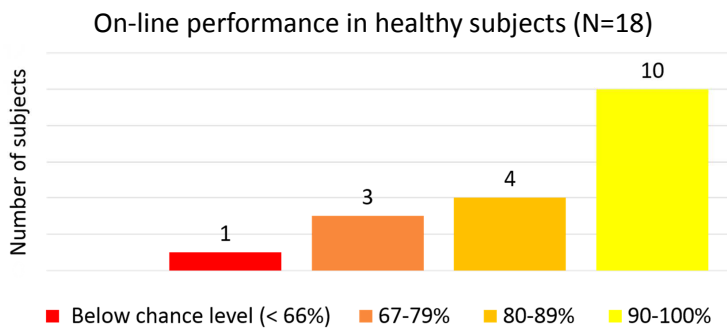


Binary BCI to answer Yes or No questions

• Principle:

- rhythmic sequence of alternated «Yes» (right ear) and «No» (left ear) sounds
- a few «Yes» and «No» stimulus have a longer duration, they act as deviant/target sounds
- classifiers are trained to recognized attended vs. unattended standard and deviant sounds

• Results' summary (Perrine Seguin's medical thesis):



Patients: offline performance	
LIS 1	- below chance level
LIS 2	- below chance level
LIS 3	- below chance level
ALS 1	+ : 70 %
ALS 2	- below chance level
ALS 3	+ : 97 % same perf. on-line
ALS 4	+ : 100 % same perf. on-line

Seguin et al., BCI Conference, Asilomar, 2016



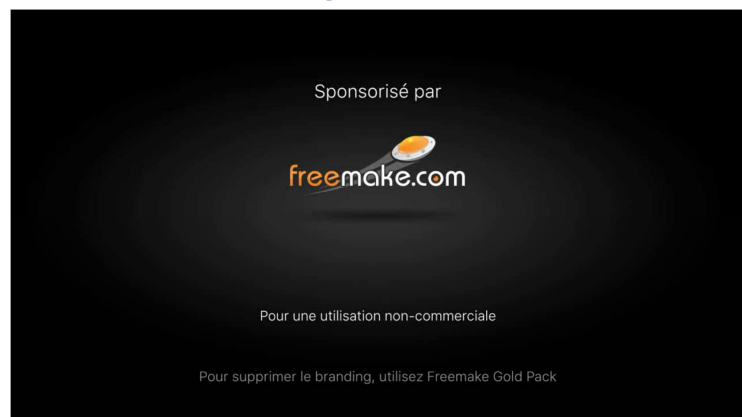
Empirical work

Extension to the interaction with video games for the visual training of attention (a new kind of Neurofeedback)

- **Mind Your Brain (FUI)** project for the training of children with ADHD (Coll. CHU Lyon, Blacksheep studio, Mensia Tech.)
- An ongoing double-blind clinical trial (**Mélodie Fouillen's PhD**)



Maby et al., Advances Hum-Comp Inter., 2012
Fouillen et al., BCI Conference, Graz, 2017



30 x 1h session, 2 sessions/week, 4 games, N=60 children
3 groups: EEG control, non-EEG control, non training

• Rationale:

- a feature highly related to voluntary attentional processes (P300)
- P300 has been shown to be impaired in ADHD children and improved when effective pharmacological treatment
- enables to build a variety of fun games, depending on clear instructions as how to succeed in controlling the game



Theoretical work Better characterization of single trial responses in oddball paradigm

- A two-fold modelling approach (Françoise Lecaigard's PhD thesis)
- **Psychology**: to model the sequence learning process

Lecaigard et al., *Frontiers Hum. Neurosc.*, 2015

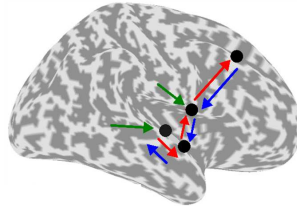


$$P(\theta|Y, M) = \frac{P(Y|\theta, M)P(\theta|M)}{P(Y|M)}$$

Bayesian Brain

- **Physiology**: to model the **dynamic cortical network** underlying the generation of evoked responses

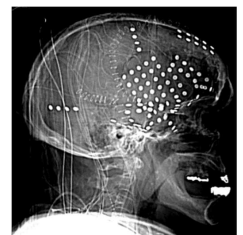
EEG+MEG



Dynamic Causal Modelling

- **Recently**: exploration in epileptic patients implanted with ECoG (Raphaëlle Bertrand's Master, Coll. G. Schalk and P. Brunner, Albany, USA)
- Aims:
 - > to refine our characterization of the auditory cortical hierarchy
 - > to extend our hypothesis testing to high frequency oscillations

ECoG



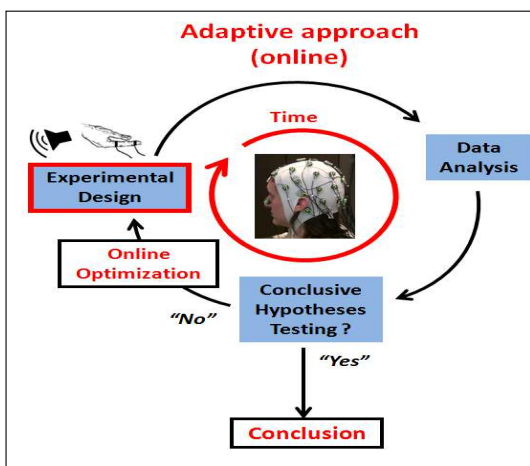
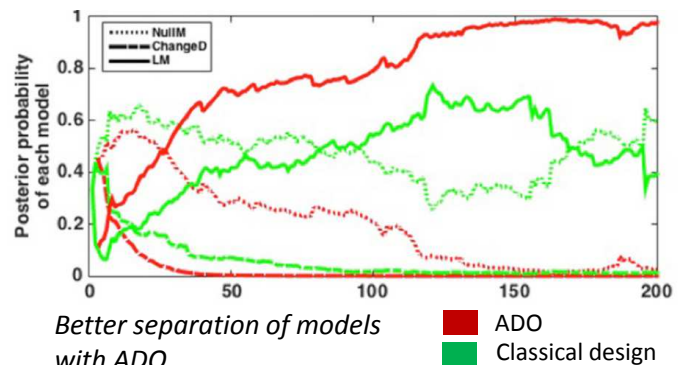
Theoretical work Better characterization of single trial responses in oddball paradigm

- **Real-time data processing** can be used to optimize stimulus presentation for hypothesis testing and model comparison (Gaëtan Sanchez's PhD thesis)
- Principle of Adaptive Design Optimization (ADO)



- Result: simulation example ADO outperforms the classical design in speed and accuracy

Sanchez et al., *Frontiers Hum. Neurosc.*, 2016



Sanchez et al., *Brain Sciences*, 2014



BCI research @ CRNL - Jérémie Mattout



CRNL, Dycog team

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Lyon Neuroscience Research Center – Technological Platforms

Wireless
 HR-EEG

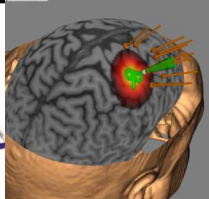
Brain Computer
 Interfaces



Robotized
 Neurostimulation



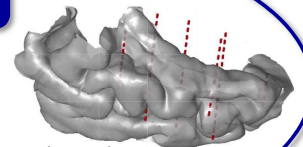
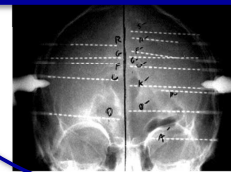
Immersive
 Virtual Reality



Motion & Eye
 tracking

Intracranial EEG

(IHU Cesame, Labex, CHU Lyon, HBP)



Implanted
 Epileptic patients

NeuroImmersion

(IHU Cesame, Labex, CHU Lyon)

Mouvement & Handicap

(CHU Lyon)





LYON NEUROCAMPUS

