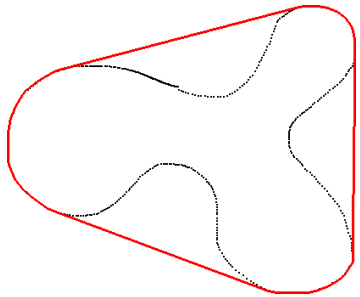
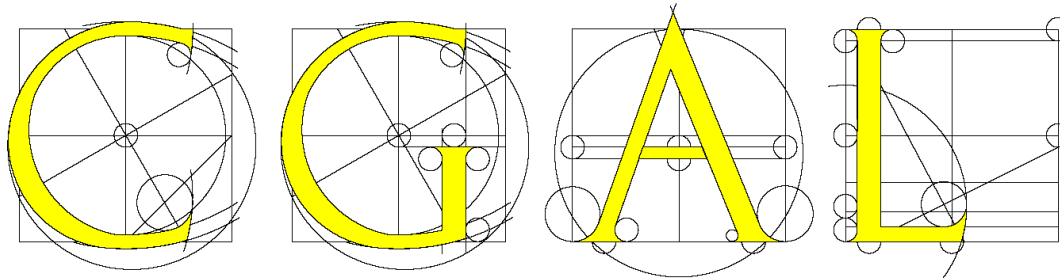


2D Convex Hull in



Pierre Alliez

<http://www.cgal.org>

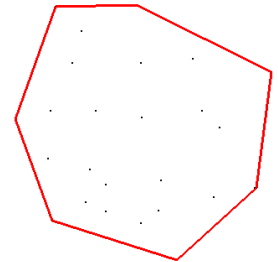
Outline

- **Definitions**
- **Convex hull in CGAL**
 - **Interface**
 - **Extreme points**
 - **Subsequences of hull points**
 - **Convexity Checking**
- **Exercise**



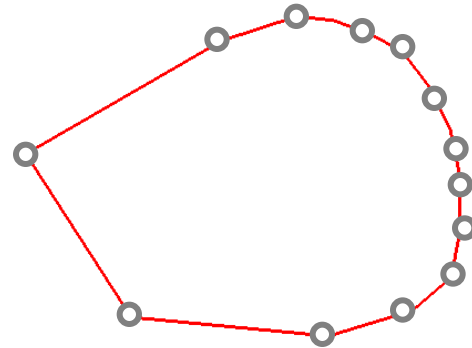
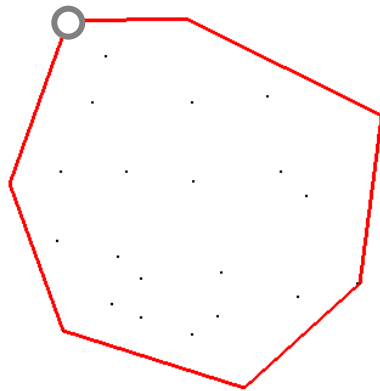
Definitions

- A subset $S \subset \mathbb{R}^2$ is **convex** if for any two points p and q in the set the line segment with endpoints p and q is contained in S .
- The **convex hull** of a set S is the smallest convex set containing S .
- The **convex hull of a set of points P** is a convex polygon with vertices in P .



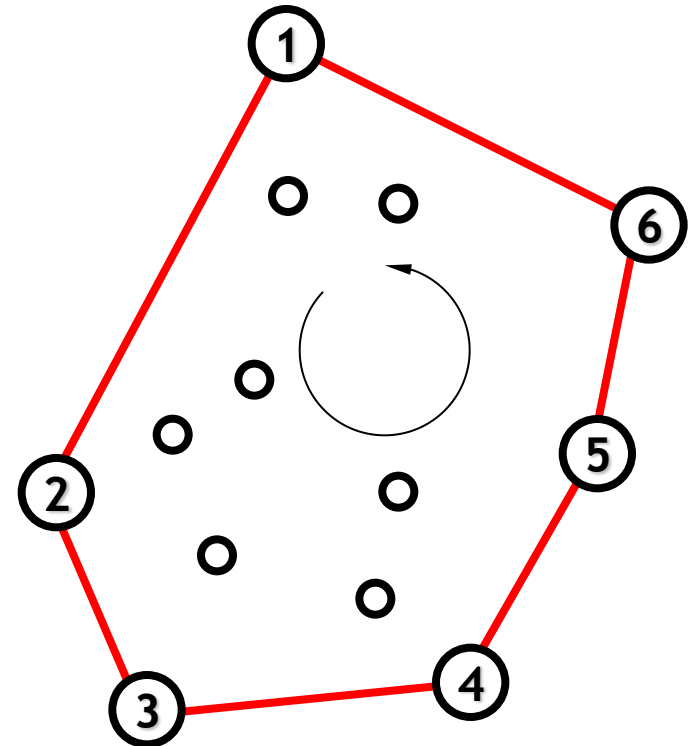
Definitions

- A point in P is an **extreme** point (with respect to P) if it is a vertex of the convex hull of P .
- A point set is said to be **strongly convex** if it consists of only extreme points.



Convex Hull in CGAL

5 algorithms to compute the counterclockwise sequence of extreme points for a 2D point set.



Convex Hull in CGAL

n input points with h extreme points

Algorithms:

- [Bykat 78] $O(nh)$ output-sensitive
- [Akl & Toussaint] $O(n \log n)$ worst case
- [Graham-Andrew] $O(n \log n)$
- [Jarvis 73] $O(nh)$
- [Eddy] $O(nh)$



Interface

```
template <class InputIterator, class OutputIterator>
OutputIterator convex_hull_2 (InputIterator first,
                             InputIterator beyond,
                             OutputIterator result,
                             Traits ch_traits =
                             Default_traits)
```

generates the counterclockwise sequence of extreme points of the points in the range *[first,beyond)*. The resulting sequence is placed starting at position *result*, and the past-the-end iterator for the resulting sequence is returned (it is not specified at which point the cyclic sequence of extreme points is cut into a linear sequence).



Interface

```
template <class InputIterator, class OutputIterator>
OutputIterator convex_hull_2 (InputIterator first,
                             InputIterator beyond,
                             OutputIterator result,
                             Traits ch_traits =
                             Default_traits)
```

```
InputIterator::value_type } Traits::Point_2
OutputIterator::value_type }
```

Traits contains types and functions:

Traits::Point_2, Traits::Less_xy_2, Traits::Less_yx_2,
Traits::Leftturn_2.



Default...

```
#include <CGAL/Cartesian.h>
#include <CGAL/convex_hull_2.h>
#include <list>

typedef CGAL::Cartesian<double> Kernel;
typedef Kernel::Point_2 Point;

std::list<Point> points;
std::list<Point> hull;
points.push_back(Point(0,0));
points.push_back(Point(0,1));
// ...
CGAL::convex_hull_2(points.begin(),
                    points.end(),
                    std::inserter(hull,hull.begin()));
```



Graham-Andrew

```
#include <CGAL/Cartesian.h>
#include <CGAL/graham_andrew.h>
#include <list>

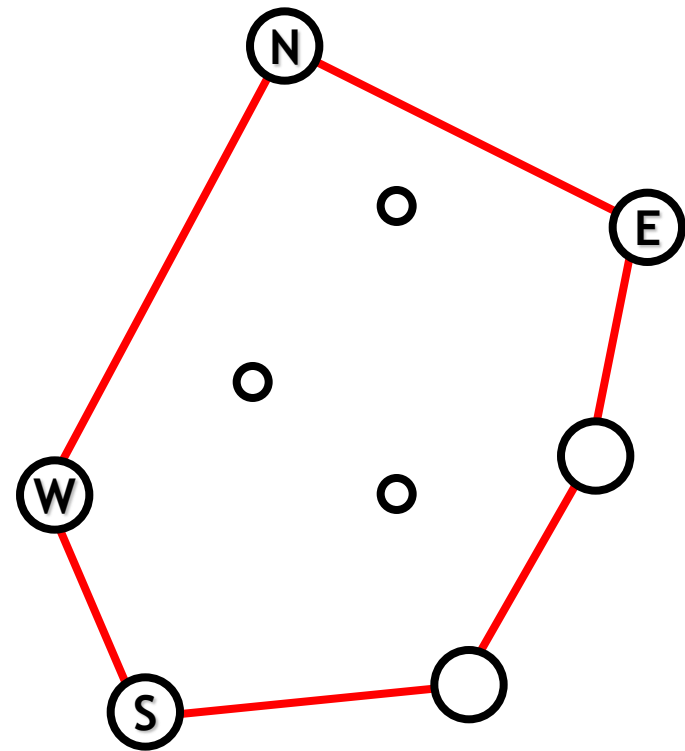
typedef CGAL::Cartesian<double> Kernel;
typedef Kernel::Point_2 Point;

std::list<Point> points;
std::list<Point> hull;
points.push_back(Point(0,0));
points.push_back(Point(0,1));
// ...
CGAL::ch_graham_andrew(points.begin(),
                        points.end(),
                        std::inserter(hull,hull.begin()));
```



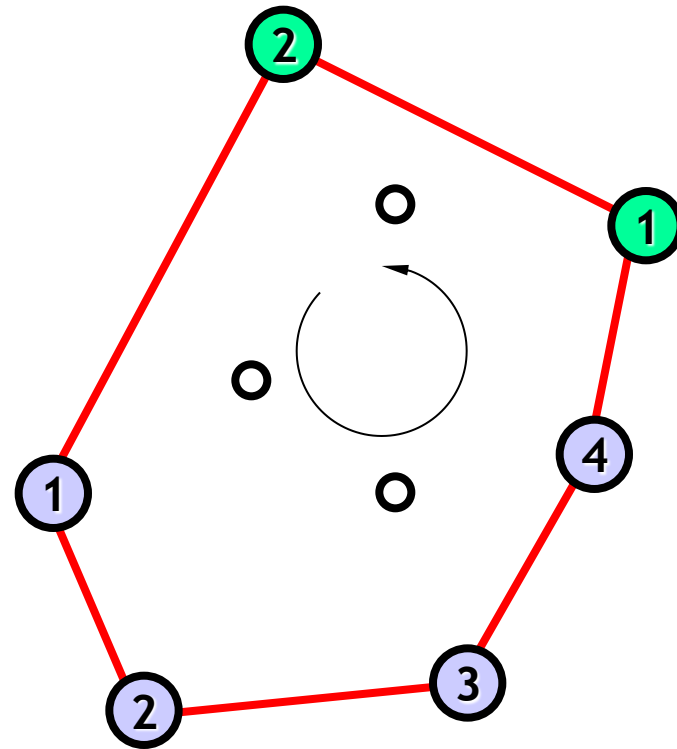
Extreme Points

- North, South, East, West and combinations.



SubSequences of Hull Points

- Lower Hull
- Upper Hull



Convexity Checking

```
#include <CGAL/convexity_check_2.h>
```

```
template <class ForwardIterator, class Traits>
```

```
bool is_ccw_strongly_convex_2 (
```

```
    ForwardIterator first,
```

```
    ForwardIterator beyond,
```

```
    Traits ch_traits = Default_traits)
```

returns true iff the point elements in [first,beyond) form a counterclockwise-oriented strongly convex polygon.



Exercise on Computer

