

# LM260 – TD Atelier: Power Series

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## 1 Power series and differential equations

**Ex. 1** — Let  $p \in \mathbb{N}$  and

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{+\infty} \binom{n+p}{p} x^n$$

- a) What is the radius of convergence of the previous power series ?  
b) Compute  $f(x)$  by studying  $(1-x)f'(x)$ .

**Ex. 2** — Let  $f$  be a function on  $] -1, 1[$  defined as

$$f(x) = \frac{\arcsin x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}.$$

- a) Why can  $f$  be developed in power series in  $] -1, 1[$  ?  
b) Show that  $f$  is solution of the ODE

$$(1-x^2)y' - xy = 1.$$

- c) Compute the development in power series of  $f$  on  $] -1, 1[$ .

**Ex. 3** — Let  $f$  be a function on  $] -1, 1[$  defined as

$$f(x) = \cos(\alpha \arcsin x)$$

where  $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$ .

- a) Find a second order differential equation which has  $f$  as solution.  
b) Find the power development of the function  $f$ .

## 2 Various

**Ex. 4** — Write in two different ways the power development in 0 of

$$f(x) = e^{-x^2} \int_0^x e^{t^2} dt.$$

Deduce the relation

$$\sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(-1)^k}{2k+1} \binom{n}{k} \binom{2n}{n} = \frac{4^n}{2n+1}$$